



DPS1133

24V/3A 1-CH POWER SWITCH WITH FAST ROLE SWAP

Description

The DPS1133 is part of a family of power switches optimized for the USB Power Delivery and other hot-swap applications. Through the analog interface, exception status is reported and several functions can be programmed: current limit, overvoltage protection, and output voltage ramping up. The fast role swap function which complies with the requirements defined in the USB Power Delivery Specification Release 3.0, V1.0a is implemented.

This device is designed to operate between 4.5V and 24V. It offers fast short-circuit response time to ensure system robustness. The integrated port-discharge function allows the voltage levels at the input and output ports to be discharged to meet the requirements of the USB Power Delivery Specification. Comprehensive fault detection and recovery mechanisms are provisioned to enable applications which are subjected to heavy capacitive loads and the risk of short circuit. These mechanisms include: reverse voltage & current blocking, input overvoltage protection, output overcurrent, short-circuit protection and overtemperature shut-down. In addition, the rise time of output voltage can be adjusted to minimize in-rush current and to ensure system stability. Before any exception condition is notified via the low-active FAULTB signal, deglitch of 7ms is applied to prevent false triggering.

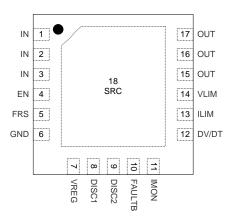
The DPS1133 is housed in the low-profile and space-saving V-QFN4040-17 package which is manufactured with environmental-friendly material.

Features

- Wide Operating Voltage Range: 4.5V to 24V
- 1-channel Power Switch with Integrated Adjustable Current & Voltage Limits
- Ability to Discharge the Input and Output Ports either Individually or Simultaneously via the Two External Control Pins
- Fast Short-circuit Response Time at 2µs
- Comprehensive Built-in Fault Detection and Recovery Mechanisms like Input Undervoltage Lock-out, Reverse Voltage & Current Blocking, Thermal Shut-down, Overcurrent and Short-circuit Protection
- R_{DS(ON)} of Embedded MOSFET at 30mΩ
- Adjustable DV/DT Control at Start-up
- Fault Reporting (FAULTB) with Blanking Time at 7ms Typical
- Fast Role Swap Supported
- Totally Lead-free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen- & Antimony-free "Green" Device (Note 3)

Pin Assignments

(Top View)



V-QFN4040-17

Applications

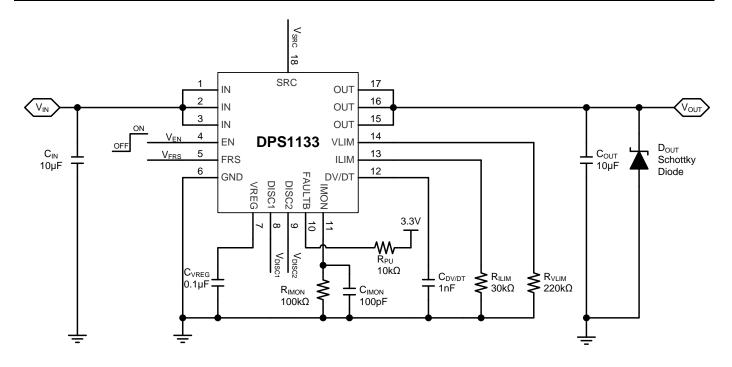
- Notebook & Desktop & AIO PCs, Servers, and Tablets
- Docking Stations, Universal & Multimedia Hubs
- FPTVs, PC Monitors
- Set-Top-Boxes, Residential Gateways, Storage Devices
- Power Protection in Industrial and Automotive Applications

Notes:

- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) & 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) compliant.
- 2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.



Typical Application Circuit

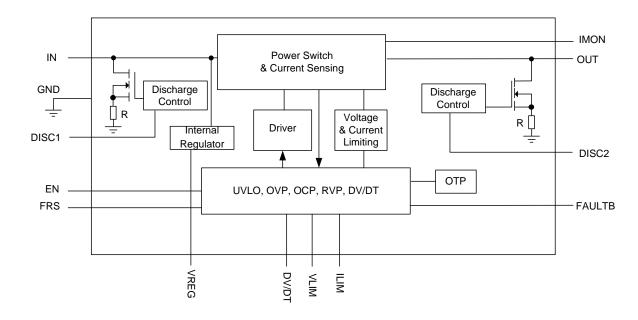


Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Pin Name	Туре	Function
1, 2, 3	IN	Р	Power Supply and Input port.
4	EN	I	Enable Input. Active high. '0' = Device OFF; '1' = Device ON. This pin shall not be left floating.
5	FRS	1	Fast Role Swap Control. This pin enables the Fast Role Swap sequence defined in the USB Power Delivery Specification Release 3.0, V1.0a.
6	GND	GND	Device Ground.
7	VREG	I/O	Voltage Regulator. A 0.1µF is recommended between this pin and GND.
8	DISC1	I	IN Port Discharge Control. '1' = port voltage to be discharged; '0' = disabled.
9	DISC2	I	OUT Port Discharge Control. '1' = port voltage to be discharged; '0' = disabled.
10	FAULTB	0	Fault Status Indicator. An external pull-up resistor is required. This active-low pin shall be tied to GND when not used.
11	IMON	0	Current Monitor. A 100pF capacitor and a resistor connected in parallel between this pin and GND creates a positive average voltage proportional to the current flowing through the device. This pin can be left floating if current monitoring is not needed.
12	DV/DT	I/O	Ramp-up Control. A capacitor between this pin and GND sets the ramp-up rate.
13	ILIM	I/O	Current Limit Setting. A resistor between this pin and GND sets the overcurrent limit of the OUT port.
14	VLIM	I/O	Voltage Limit Setting. A resistor between this pin and GND sets the over-voltage limit of the IN port.
15, 16, 17	OUT	0	Output Port.
18 (Exposed Pad)	SRC	I/O	Common Source. The exposed pad of the V-QFN4040-17 package shall not be connected to any signal.



Functional Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (@ T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified) (Note 4)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
$V_{\text{IN}}, V_{\text{OUT}}$	Voltage Range of Power IN and OUT Pins	-0.3 to 30	V
V_{EN}	Voltage Range of EN Pin	-0.3 to 30	V
$V_{I/O}$	Voltage Range of Other Pins (FRS, VREG, DISC1, DISC2, FAULTB, IMON, DV/DT, ILIM, VLIM)	-0.3 to 6	V
I _{OUT}	Load Current Range	5	Α
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature	-40 to 125	°C
T_L	Lead Temperature	260	°C
T_{ST}	Storage Temperature	-65 to 150	°C
F0D	Human Body Model (HBM), JESD22-A114	2	137
ESD	Charge Device Model (CDM)	1	kV

Note:

Thermal Characteristics (@ $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise specified) (Note 5)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
P _D	Power Dissipation	1.7	W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	58.5	°C/W
R _{eJC}	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	12.3	°C/W

Note: 5. Device mounted on FR-4 substrate PC board, 2oz copper, with 1" x 1" copper pad layout.

^{4.} These are stress ratings only. Operation outside the absolute maximum ratings may cause device failure. Operation at the absolute maximum rating for extended periods may reduce device reliability.



Recommended Operating Conditions (@ T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V _{IN}	Input Supply Voltage	4.5	24	V
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage	0	24	V
I _{оит}	Output Load Current	0	3.5	Α
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	10	-	μF
Соит	Output Capacitance	1	100	μF
V_{EN}	Input Voltage on EN Pin	0	28	V
V _{FRS} , V _{DISC1} , V _{DISC2}	Input Voltage on FRS, DISC1, DISC2 Pins	0	5.5	V
R _{VLIM}	VLIM Resistance	51	270	kΩ
R _{ILIM}	ILIM Resistance	27	200	kΩ

Electrical Characteristics (@ T_A = +25°C, V_{IN} = 4.5V to 24V, C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10μF, V_{EN} = 3.3V, V_{FRS} = 0V, $C_{DV/DT}$ = 1nF, R_{VLIM} = 240kΩ, R_{ILIM} = 27kΩ, unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Bias Supply								
		$V_{IN} = 5V$	-	4.9	-	V		
V_{REG}	Regulated Voltage	V _{IN} = 12V	-	5.1	-			
		V _{IN} = 24V	-	5.2	-			
V_{UVLO}	V _{IN} Undervoltage Lock-out Threshold	V _{IN} Rising	3.2	3.6	4.0	V		
V_{UVHY}	V _{IN} Undervoltage Lock-out Threshold Hysteresis	V _{IN} Falling	-	250	-	mV		
		$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{EN} = 0V$	-	-	5			
I _{SHDN}	Shut-down Current (Disabled)	$V_{IN} = 12V, V_{EN} = 0V$	-	-	15	μΑ		
		$V_{IN} = 24V, V_{EN} = 0V$	-	-	25			
		V _{IN} = 5V, No Load	-	1.2	1.6	mA		
I_Q	Quiescent Current (Enabled)	V _{IN} = 12V, No Load	-	1.4	1.8			
		V _{IN} = 24V, No Load	-	1.9	2.3			
MOSFET								
		V _{IN} = 5V	-	29	36	mΩ		
R _{DS(ON)}	Switch ON Resistance	V _{IN} = 12V	-	29	36			
		V _{IN} = 24V	-	30	36			
I _{LKGSRC}	OUT Leakage Current in OFF State, Sourcing	V _{EN} = 0V, V _{OUT} = 0V	-	-	1	μA		
		$V_{IN} = 3.3V, V_{EN} = 0V, V_{OUT} = 5V$	-	-	15	μA		
I_{LKGSNK}	OUT Leakage Current in OFF State,	$V_{IN} = 3.3V, V_{EN} = 0V, V_{OUT} = 12V$	-	-	25			
	Sinking	$V_{IN} = 3.3V, V_{EN} = 0V, V_{OUT} = 24V$	-	-	40			
Enable Control								
V_{ENL}	EN Threshold Voltage Low	V _{EN} Falling	-	-	0.4	V		
V_{ENH}	EN Threshold Voltage High	V _{EN} Rising	1.4	-		V		
I _{EN}	EN Input Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{EN} = 5V$	_	-	5	μΑ		
Output Rampin	Dutput Ramping Control							
I _{DV/DT}	DV/DT Sourcing Current	$V_{DV/DT} = 0V$	-	1	-	μΑ		
$G_{\text{DV/DT}}$	DV/DT to OUT Gain	ΔV_{OUT} / $\Delta V_{DV/DT}$, Guaranteed by Design	-	12	-	V/V		



 $\hline \textbf{Electrical Characteristics} \text{ (continued) } (@ T_{A} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, \ V_{IN} = 4.5\text{V to } 24\text{V}, \ C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\mu\text{F}, \ V_{EN} = 3.3\text{V}, \ V_{FRS} = 0\text{V}, \ C_{IN} = 1.5\text{V} \text{C} = 1.5\text{C} = 1.5\text$ $C_{DV/DT}$ = 1nF, R_{VLIM} = 240k Ω , R_{ILIM} = 27k Ω , unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Timing			1			
3		$V_{IN} = 5V$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, $V_{EN} = 0V$ to 3.3V	_	0.2	-	
t _{DON}	Output Turn-ON Delay Time	$V_{IN} = 12V$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, $V_{EN} = 0V$ to 3.3V	_	0.2	-	ms
DON		$V_{IN} = 24V$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, $V_{EN} = 0V$ to 3.3V	_	0.2	-	
		$V_{IN} = 5V$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, $V_{EN} = 0V$ to 3.3V	_	0.3	-	
t _R	Output Turn-ON Rise Time	$V_{IN} = 12V$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, $V_{EN} = 0V$ to 3.3V	_	0.8	-	ms
-10		$V_{IN} = 24V$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, $V_{EN} = 0V$ to 3.3V	_	1.6	-	
		$V_{IN} = 5V$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, $V_{EN} = 3.3V$ to $0V$	_	1	-	
t _{DOFF}	Output Turn-OFF Delay Time	$V_{IN} = 12V, C_{OUT} = 1\mu F, V_{EN} = 3.3V \text{ to } 0V$	_	2	-	μs
-5011		$V_{IN} = 24V, C_{OUT} = 1\mu F, V_{EN} = 3.3V \text{ to } 0V$	_	4	-	μ.σ
		$V_{IN} = 5V$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, $V_{EN} = 3.3V$ to $0V$	_	10	-	
t _F	Output Turn-OFF Fall Time	$V_{IN} = 12V, C_{OUT} = 1\mu F, V_{EN} = 3.3V \text{ to } 0V$	_	25	_	μs
۳۲	Calpat rain or r all rains	$V_{IN} = 24V$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, $V_{EN} = 3.3V$ to 0V	_	50	_	۳۵
Fast Role Swap ((FRS) Control and Timing	1 TIN 2 TT, 3001 PAT, 12N 3.0 TT	ı	- 00		
V _{FRSL}	FRS Threshold Voltage Low	V _{FRS} Falling	_	_	0.4	
V _{FRSH}	FRS Threshold Voltage High	V _{FRS} Rising	1.4	-	-	V
I _{FRS}	FRS Input Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{FRS} = 5V$	-	-	7	μA
1110		$V_{IN} = 5V$, a single positive pulse width on FRS				μ
t _{FRS_ON}	FRS ON Time	and $V_{FRSH} = 3.3V$, guaranteed by design	600	-	-	μs
	Output Turn-ON Delay Time with FRS	$V_{IN} = 5V$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu F$, $V_{FRS} = 3.3V$ to 0V, 50%				
t _{DON_FRS}		Falling Edge of V _{FRS} to 90% Rising Edge of	-	-	60	μs
		V _{оит} , guaranteed by design				
Discharge Contro	ol on IN and OUT Ports				,	
R _{DISC1} / R _{DISC2}	IN / OLIT Discharge Resistance	$V_{DISC1} = 5V$, $V_{DISC2} = 5V$	-	105	-	Ω
RDISC1 / RDISC2	IN / OUT Discharge Resistance	$V_{DISC1} = 3.3V, V_{DISC2} = 3.3V$	-	115	-	Ω
V _{DISC1L} / V _{DISC2L}	DISC1 / DISC2 Threshold Voltage Low	V _{DISC1} /V _{DISC2} Falling	-	-	0.4	V
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	DISC1 / DISC2 Threshold Voltage	V _{DISC1} /V _{DISC2} Rising	1.4			V
V _{DISC1H} / V _{DISC2H}	High	VDISC1 / VDISC2 KISHIY			_	V
Overcurrent Prot	ection				1	
V _{ILIM}	ILIM Bias Voltage	$R_{ILIM} = 50k\Omega$	-	1	-	V
	Current Limit, 1A	$R_{ILIM} = 100k\Omega$	0.9	1.05	1.20	
I _{LIM}	Current Limit, 2A	$R_{ILIM} = 50k\Omega$	1.8	2	2.2	Α
	Current Limit, 3A	$R_{ILIM} = 33.3k\Omega$	2.76	3	3.24	
				1.12		
I _{FASTRIP}	Fast-Trip Threshold	Guaranteed by Design	_	5 ×	-	Α
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Cuaranteed by Design		I _{LIM} +		
0				1.8		
Current Monitori					1.5	.,
V _{IMON}	Current Monitoring Output Voltage	-		- 40	4.5	V
G _{IMON}	IMON to OUT Current Gain	I _{IMON} / I _{OUT}	-	10	-	μA/A
Overvoltage Prot		L	1	T		
I _{VLIM}	VLIM Sourcing Current	$V_{IN} = 5V$, $R_{VLIM} = 54.9k\Omega$	-	10	-	μΑ
V_{OVPRTH}	Input Overvoltage Threshold, Rising	$R_{VLIM} = 54.9k\Omega$, V_{IN} Rising	-	6	-	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	$R_{VLIM} = 240k\Omega$, V_{IN} Rising	-	24.5	-	V
V_{OVPFTH}	Input Overvoltage Threshold, Falling	$R_{VLIM} = 54.9k\Omega$, V_{IN} Falling	-	5.5	-	
VOVPFTH	,	$R_{VLIM} = 240k\Omega$, V_{IN} Falling	-	24	-	

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Electrical Characteristics (continued) (@ $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_{IN} = 4.5V$ to 24V, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\mu\text{F}$, $V_{EN} = 3.3V$, $V_{FRS} = 0V$, $C_{DV/DT} = 10\text{F}$, $R_{VLIM} = 240\text{k}\Omega$, $R_{ILIM} = 27\text{k}\Omega$, unless otherwise specified)

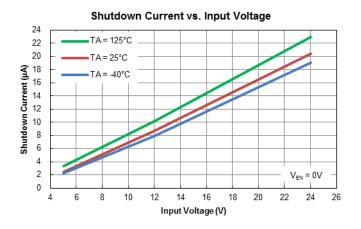
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Reverse-voltage Protection								
V _{RVPFTH}	V _{IN} - V _{OUT} Threshold Entering into Reverse Protection	V _{IN} - V _{OUT} Falling	-	-30	-			
V_{RVPRTH}	V _{IN} - V _{OUT} Threshold Exiting from Reverse Protection	V _{IN} - V _{OUT} Rising	-	0	mV			
t _{RVPTD}	Reverse Protection Response Time	-	-	2	-	μs		
Fault Flag (FAU	Fault Flag (FAULTB): Active-Low							
R _{FAULTB}	FAULTB Pull-down Resistor	$V_{IN} = 7V$, $R_{VLIM} = 54.9k\Omega$, $I_{FAULTB} = 10mA$ Sinking	-	25	-	Ω		
I _{LKGFAULTB}	FAULTB Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 5V$, $R_{VLIM} = 54.9k\Omega$, $V_{FAULTB} = 5V$	-	-	1	μΑ		
t _{BLANKFAULTB}	FAULTB Blanking Time	$V_{IN} = 5V$, $R_{VLIM} = 54.9k\Omega$, $V_{FAULTB} = 5V$	-	7	-	ms		
Thermal Shut-D	Thermal Shut-Down							
T _{SHDN}	Thermal Shut-down Threshold	-	-	155	-			
T _{HYS}	Thermal Shut-down Hysteresis	-	-	20	-	°C		

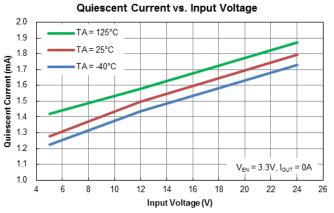


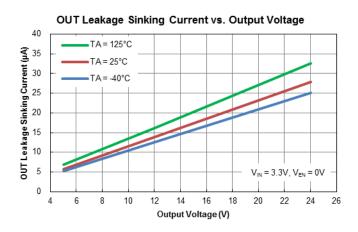


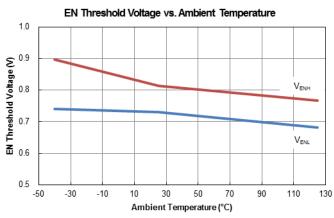


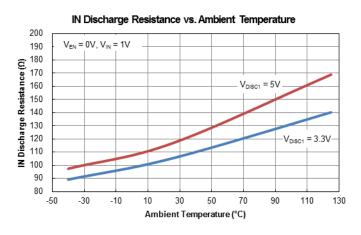
Performance Characteristics (@ T_A = +25°C, C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10 μ F, V_{EN} = 3.3V, V_{FRS} = 0V, $C_{DV/DT}$ = 1nF, R_{ILIM} = 27k Ω , unless otherwise specified)

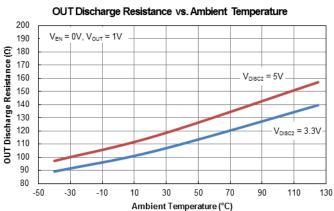






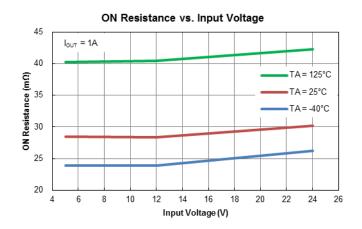


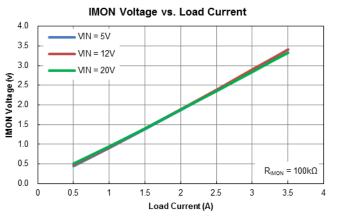






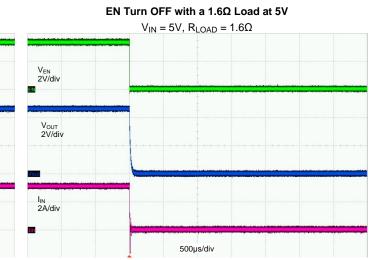
Performance Characteristics (continued) (@ $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10 \mu F$, $V_{EN} = 3.3 V$, $V_{FRS} = 0 V$, $C_{DV/DT} = 1 n F$, $R_{ILIM} = 27 k \Omega$, unless otherwise specified)

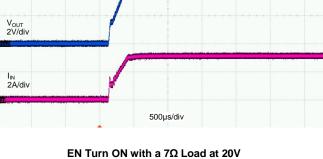


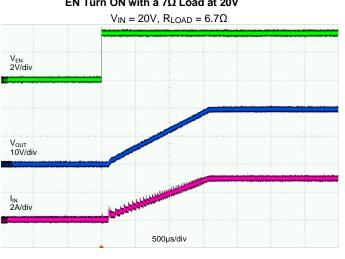


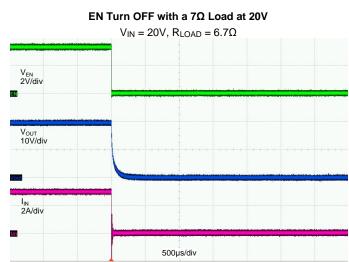
$V_{IN} = 5V$, $R_{LOAD} = 1.6\Omega$ V_{EN} 2V/div

EN Turn ON with a 1.6Ω Load at 5V



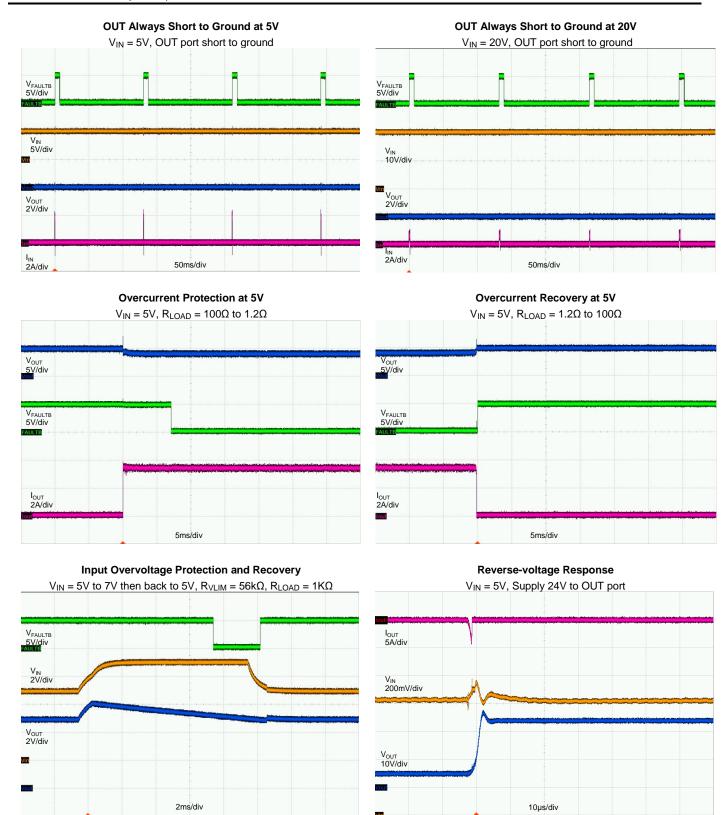








Performance Characteristics (continued) (@ $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10 \mu F$, $V_{EN} = 3.3 V$, $V_{FRS} = 0 V$, $C_{DV/DT} = 1 n F$, $R_{ILIM} = 27 k \Omega$, unless otherwise specified)





Application Information

General Description

The DPS1133 is a 1-channel power switch designed to meet the input and output voltage/current requirement which are common with many hotpluggable serial interfaces found in the computing and consumer electronics equipment. For example, DPS1133 is compatible to the USB Power Delivery Specification Release 3.0, V1.0a and many popular USB Type-C[™] applications.

Start-up Time

An external capacitor connected from the DV/DT pin to GND defines the slew rate of the output voltage at power-on,

 $dV_{OUT} / dt = (I_{DV/DT} / C_{DV/DT}) \times G_{DV/DT}$

Where:

dVout / dt is the desired output slew rate in V/ms

 $I_{DV/DT}$ is in μA and it is $1\mu A$ typical

C_{DV/DT} is the ramp-up control setting capacitor in nF

 $G_{DV/DT}$ is the gain of DV/DT to OUT and $G_{DV/DT} = 12$

The total ramp time t_{DV/DT} of V_{OUT} increasing from 0 to V_{IN} can be calculated using,

 $t_{DV/DT} = 8.3 \times 10^{-2} \times V_{IN} \times C_{DV/DT}$

Where:

 $t_{\text{DV/DT}}$ is the total ramp time in ms

The unit of V_{IN} is volt and C_{DV/DT} is nF.

Choosing a proper value for the capacitor C_{DV/DT} ensures that the device is turned ON with the pre-set ramp-up imposed over the output voltage. The in-rush current at power-up shall be limited by the regulated output voltage ramp or the limited current setting.

C (::E)	D (kO)	I (A)	I (A)	C (%E)	Start-up Time (ms)			
С _{оит} (µF)	R _{ILIM} (kΩ)	I _{LIM_MIN} (A)	I _{LOAD_MAX} (A)	C _{DV/DT_MIN} (nF)	$V_{IN} = 5V$	V _{IN} = 12V	V _{IN} = 20V	
10	30	3.10	3	0.51	0.21	0.51	0.85	
10	43	2.09	2	0.51	0.21	0.51	0.85	
10	82	1.04	1	0.51	0.21	0.51	0.85	
100	30	3.10	3	3.6	1.50	3.60	6.00	
100	43	2.09	2	3.6	1.50	3.60	6.00	
100	82	1.04	1	3.6	1.50	3.60	6.00	

Input Overvoltage Protection (OVP)

The voltage at the IN port is monitored continuously. Whenever voltage at the IN port is found to be larger than the VOVPRTH value, the built-in overvoltage protection (OVP) fault-handling mechanism is triggered. The internal power MOSFET will be turned OFF to protect the downstream equipment connected. The VOVPRTH value is determined by,

 $V_{OVPRTH} = 0.1 \times R_{VLIM} + 0.5$, where the unit of V_{OVPRTH} is volt, R_{VLIM} is $k\Omega$ and $51k\Omega \le R_{VLIM} \le 270k\Omega$

Reverse-voltage Protection (RVP)

The voltage difference, [VIN - VOUT], between the IN and OUT ports is monitored continuously. Once the voltage difference drops below the V_{RVPFTH} level, the device shall immediately turn OFF the internal power MOSFET to prevent the current flowing from the opposite direction. When the reverse-voltage condition is no longer valid, i.e. [VIN - VOUT] becomes greater than the VRYPRTH level, the internal power MOSFET shall be turned ON.

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Application Information (continued)

Overtemperature Protection (OTP)

During overload conditions, the output voltage would drop with the limited current I_{LIM} . It will result in the increasing junction temperature T_J with the increased power consumption on device. When T_J reaches to the thermal shutdown threshold T_{SHDN} , the internal power MOSFET would be turned OFF. The internal MOSFET would be turned ON again once the condition $[T_J < (T_{SHDN} - T_{HYS})]$ occurs.

Overcurrent Protection (OCP)

The output current is being monitored continuously. Whenever the output current I_{OUT} is found to be larger than the I_{LIM} value over $2\mu s$, the embedded overcurrent protection (OCP) fault-handling mechanism is triggered. This shall result in the output current being clamped at the I_{LIM} value at hundreds of microseconds later, and voltage dropping at OUT port. The I_{LIM} value is set by R_{ILIM} ,

 $I_{LIM} = 100 / R_{ILIM}$, where the unit of I_{LIM} is ampere, R_{ILIM} is $k\Omega$ and $27k\Omega \le R_{ILIM} \le 200k\Omega$

R _{ILIM} (kΩ)	I _{LIM} (A)				
NILIM (NS2)	Min	Тур	Max		
200	0.50	0.55	0.65		
100	0.90	1.05	1.20		
66.7	1.35	1.50	1.65		
50	1.80	2.00	2.20		
40	2.25	2.50	2.75		
33.3	2.76	3.00	3.24		
28.6	3.22	3.50	3.78		

Short-circuit Protection (SCP)

There are two behaviors to protect device under short-circuit conditions. One is fast trip current detection. When the output current exceeds the fast-trip threshold I_{FASTRIP}, the device will switch OFF the internal MOSFET,

 $I_{FASTRIP}$ = 1.125 × I_{LIM} + 1.8, where the unit of $I_{FASTRIP}$ and I_{LIM} is ampere

Another is low output voltage detection. During heavy overload or short circuit conditions, the output current is limited to I_{LIM} and the output voltage would drop quickly. When the output voltage drop is exceeded the capability of MOSFET, the power switch will be turned OFF. The device is operating in auto-retry mode and the cycle time is around 128ms.

Adjustable Current Monitoring Output (IMON)

A 100pF capacitor and a resistor R_{IMON} connected in parallel between the IMON pin and GND will generate an average current monitor output voltage V_{IMON} , which is proportional to the load current flowing through the device,

 $V_{IMON} = 10^{-3} \times G_{IMON} \times R_{IMON} \times I_{OUT}$

Where:

 G_{IMON} is the ratio of the IMON to the load current in $\mu A/A$ and $G_{IMON}=10$

The unit of V_{IMON} is volt, R_{IMON} is $k\Omega$ and I_{OUT} is ampere

The resistor R_{IMON} should be chosen to ensure that the voltage at the IMON pin is less than 4.5V under the maximum load current I_{ILIM} . For example, if R_{IMON} is selected as $100k\Omega$, there will be a 1V output on IMON pin at 1A load, and V_{IMON} = 3V at 3A load. Connecting this IMON pin to an ADC could help to monitor the current information of a system.

Fault Response

An external pull-up resistor is required. The device generates a warning flag whenever one of the following fault conditions becomes valid: input overvoltage, reverse-voltage, overtemperature, short-circuit, overcurrent, ILIM pin short to ground. After a de-glitch time-out of 7ms, the low-active FAULTB signal shall be asserted. The FAULTB signal shall remain at 'low' and the internal power MOSFET remains OFF until the device exits from the exception status.



Application Information (continued)

Support of Fast Role Swap (FRS)

The DPS1133 is designed to support the Fast Role Swap (FRS) operation. This allows the system to change its role from being a power consumer to being a power provider within the time limit defined in the USB Power Delivery Specification Release 3.0 V1.0a. Irrespective of the voltage level at the EN pin, the relevant FRS control circuit inside the device is enabled at the rising edge of any positive pulse appearing at the FRS pin. When the pulse width (t_{FRS_ON}) is found to be larger than 600µs, the internal power MOSFET shall be turned ON within 60µs from the falling edge of the pulse in the absence of the reverse-voltage condition. At the end of the 60µs, the voltage level at the OUT port shall be of 90% of the voltage level at the IN port. Thereafter, while a subsequent rising edge at the EN pin shall always be ignored, the occurrence of a falling edge shall disable the device. After the device shuts down, it will not resume proper operation until a rising edge appears at either the EN pin or the FRS pin.

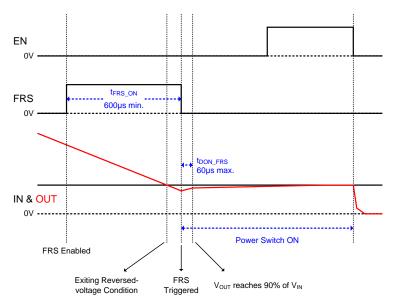


Figure 1. FRS control sequence for Fast Role Swap, power switch ON at falling edge of FRS signal after exiting RVP condition

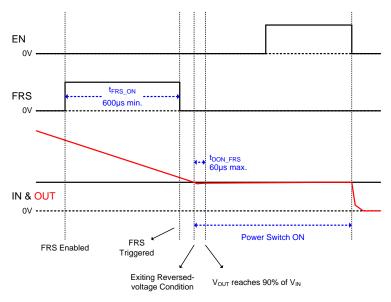


Figure 2. FRS control sequence for Fast Role Swap, power switch ON when exiting RVP condition after FRS is triggered (falling edge)

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Application Information (continued)

Discharge Function

To facilitate the various applications envisioned by the system designers, the input or output port can be discharged via two external controls: DISC1, DISC2. The internal discharge resistor at each port is approximately 100Ω . The discharge paths are OFF by default with an internal $1M\Omega$ pull-down resistor between DISC1 (or DISC2) and GND. The settings are shown in the table below.

DISC1	DISC2	Description
0	0	Discharge function disabled
0	1	OUT port is being discharged until the pin DISC2 is pulled 'low'
1	0	IN port is being discharged until the pin DISC1 is pulled 'low'
1	1	Both IN and OUT ports are discharged simultaneously

Schottky Diode for Protection of Current Surge

When a cable is hot plugged in/out of the USB-C connector behind which the OUT port of the DPS1133 is connected, a large ground current could be seen at the OUT port of the DPS1133. When the far end of a connected cable is short to ground for whatever reason, the OUT port of the DPS1133 could also see a large ground current. With the Schottky diode, SBR3U40P1, populated as close as possible to the USB-C connector, no ground current can go through the DPS1133 to cause false operation.

PCB Layout Consideration

- Place the input/output capacitors C_{IN} and C_{OUT} as close as possible to the IN and OUT pins.
- 2. The power traces, including the power ground, the V_{IN} trace and the V_{OUT} trace should be kept direct, short and wide.
- 3. Place the resistors and capacitors (R_{VLIM}, R_{IILIM}, R_{IMON}, C_{IMON}, C_{DV/DT} and C_{VREG}) near the device pins.
- 4. Connect the signal ground to the GND pin, and keep a single connection from GND pin to the power ground behind the input or output capacitors.
- 5. For better power dissipation, via holes are recommended to connect the exposed pad's landing area to a large copper polygon on the other side of the printed circuit board. The copper polygons and exposed pad of SRC (common source nodes of internal power MOSFET) shall not be connected to any of the signal and power grounds on the printed circuit board.

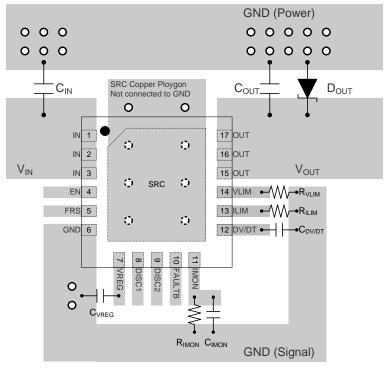
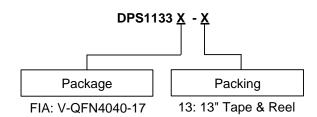


Figure 3. Suggested PCB Layout



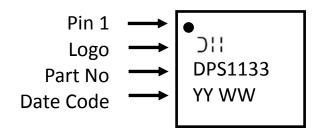
Ordering Information (Note 6)



Don't Normalisan	Manhina	Dool Cine (inches)	Ton a Middle (man)	13" Tape	and Reel
Part Number	Marking	Reel Size (inches)	Tape Width (mm)	Quantity	Part Number Suffix
DPS1133FIA-13	DPS1133	13	12	4,000/Tape & Reel	-13

Note: 6. For packaging details, go to our website at http://www.diodes.com/products/packages.html.

Marking Information



YY: Year

WW: Week 01~52; 52

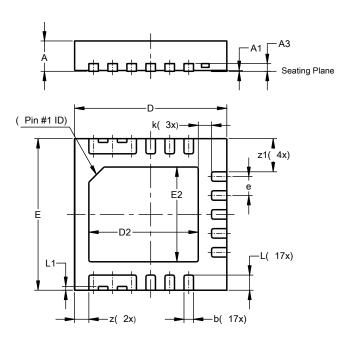
represents 52 and 53 week



Package Outline Dimensions

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.

V-QFN4040-17

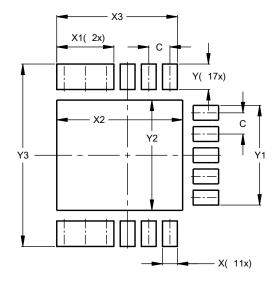


	V-QFN4040-17						
Dim	Min	Max	Тур				
Α	0.75	0.85	0.80				
A1	0.00	0.05	0.02				
A3	-	_	0.203				
b	0.20	0.30	0.25				
D	3.95	4.05	4.00				
D2	2.775	2.975	2.875				
E	3.95	4.05	4.00				
E2	2.40	2.60	2.50				
е	C).50 BS	C				
k	_	-	0.35				
L1	_	_	0.10				
L	0.35	0.45	0.40				
Z	_	_	0.38				
z1	_	_	0.88				
All I	Dimens	sions ir	mm				

Suggested Pad Layout

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.

V-QFN4040-17



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
С	0.500
X	0.350
X1	1.350
X2	2.975
Х3	2.850
Y	0.600
Y1	2.350
Y2	2.600
Y3	4.300



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